

# ESMA\_QA\_2096

Status: Question Published

**Additional Information** 

Level 1 Regulation European Market Infrastructure Regulation (EMIR) Regulation (EU) No 648/2012- MDP

#### Topic

\* EMIR Reporting

Subject Matter Subsidiaries

#### Question

Table 102 of the Guidelines specifies that GLEIF database should be used to determine the access rights of the relevant members of the ESCB, including the ECB in carrying out its tasks within a single supervisory mechanism, when applying the filtering for the fields 2.144 'Reference entity', 1.4 'Counterparty 1 (Reporting counterparty', 1.9 'Counterparty 2', 1.15 'Broker ID' and 1.16 'Clearing member'. Should the authorities in question have also access

Submission Date 02/02/2024 to the derivatives involving subsidiaries of the relevant entities and, if so, how the access rights should be determined?

## **ESMA** Responses

26-01-2024

### Original language

Yes, the members of ESCB, as well as any other authority covered under Article 2(11) and 2(13) of RTS 151/2013, should have access to transaction data on derivatives in which the subsidiaries of the entities falling under their supervision are involved. To determine whether an entity is a subsidiary of a supervised entity, the trade repositories should use the relationship data (so called Level 2 data) in GLEIF database.